



Topic 7: Propagation

Academic Year 2013 - 2014



- P1.-** Suppose a ground with relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 15$ and conductivity $\sigma = 12 \cdot 10^{-3}$. Obtain the reflection coefficient (vertical and horizontal) with frequency $f = 1\text{MHz}$ and incidence angle $\psi = 40^\circ$.
- P2.-** Suppose a link with antenna heights $h_t = 60\text{m}$ and $h_r = 30\text{m}$, with distance $d = 800\text{m}$, frequency $f = 1\text{MHz}$ over a flat ground with reflection coefficient $R = 0.74 \cdot \exp(j \cdot \pi/12)$. Obtain:
- The propagation losses with the flat earth model.
 - The propagation losses with the flat earth model for long distances with $d = 5\text{km}$.
- P3.-** Suppose a wireless link with distance $d = 10\text{km}$, frequency $f = 2.4\text{GHz}$. Obtain:
- The radius of the first Fresnel's zone to distances 2.5Km , 5Km y 7.5Km from the transmitter.
 - The radius of the second Fresnel's zone to distances 2.5Km , 5Km y 7.5Km from the transmitter.
- P4.-** Suppose a wireless link with $P_{\text{Tx}} = 1\text{W}$, frequency $f = 2.4\text{GHz}$, with a sharp obstacle located at distances $d_1 = 5\text{Km}$ and $d_2 = 4\text{Km}$, respectively from the transmitter and the receiver. Suppose a propagation losses model in free space plus diffraction losses and obtain the received power:
- If the height margin is $h = -5.9\text{m}$.
 - If the height margin is $h = 11.78\text{m}$.
- P5.-** Suppose a wireless link with frequency $f = 2.4\text{GHz}$ and distance $d = 20\text{Km}$, with two obstacles located at distances $s_1 = 5\text{Km}$ and $s_3 = 7\text{Km}$, respectively from the transmitter and the receiver. Obtain the diffraction losses:
- If the normalized margins are $v_1 = -0.35$ and $v_2 = -0.25$.
 - If the normalized margins are $v_1 = 0.35$ and $v_2 = 0.25$.
- P6.-** Suppose a wireless link with frequency $f = 0.7\text{GHz}$ distance $d = 5\text{Km}$, with transmitter height $h_b = 30\text{m}$ and receiver height $h_m = 2\text{m}$. Obtain the propagation losses with the Okumura-Hata model:
- In a metropolitan area.
 - In a small city.
 - In a suburban environment.
 - In a rural area.
- P7.-** Suppose a wireless link in a metropolitan area, with frequency $f = 0.7\text{GHz}$, with transmitter height $h_b = 30\text{m}$ and receiver height $h_m = 2\text{m}$. If the transmitted power is $P_{\text{Tx}} = 1\text{W}$ and the sensitivity is $S = -130\text{dBm}$, obtain the maximum link distance.